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Client Linx Printing Technologies Limited

Linx House 33 Edison Road St Ives Cambridgeshire PE27 3LF

Part 1: Executive Summary

## Report for the Periodic Monitoring of Emissions to Air.

Site St Ives

Plant Ink Manufacturing Plant
Sampling Date 3rd November 2015
Report Date 7th December 2015

Job Number EM-2112 Permit Number B04/94

Report Prepared by: Print Harpreet Badwal

MCERTS No. MM03 149 Level 2 TE: 1,2,3,4

Report Approved by: Sign

Print Derek Myers

MCERTS No. MM02 115 Level 2 TE: 1,2,3,4







**REC Ltd Environmental Monitoring** 

Unit 19 Bordesley Green Trading Estate Bordesley Green Road Birmingham B8 1BZ

Tel: 0845 676 9303 Company Registration No 03133832



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## **Monitoring Objectives**

The monitoring was undertaken to check compliance with authorised emission limits.

All monitoring procedures were carried out to the MCERTS requirements under the REC Environmental Monitoring quality system to ISO 17025: 2005.

Monitoring was undertaken for the listed emissions from the following sampling positions:

Sampling Location	Emission
Ink Manufacturing Plant	Particulates Total organic carbon

## **Special Monitoring Requirements**

There were no special requirements for this monitoring campaign.

## **Summary of Methods**

Emission	Method number	Method standard
Particulate	TPM/04	BS EN 13284-1 : 2002
Gas velocity and volume flow	TPM/01A	BS EN ISO 16911-1:2013
Water vapour	TPM/37	BS EN 14790 : 2005
тос	TPM/13	BS EN 12619 : 2013

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## **Summary Of Results**

The table presents the atmospheric emissions from the tests undertaken on behalf of **Linx Printing Technologies Limited**The results were measured from the sample positions downstream of the arrestment plant.

	Emission at	Sampling			Emission	Authorised	Uncertainty	Detection	Mass
	St Ives	Time			Result	Limit	+/-	Limit	Emission
	Ink Manufacturing Plant	Date	Start	End	mg/m³*	mg/m³*	mg/m³*	mg/m³∗	g/h
	тос	03/11/15	12:45	16:45	309.4	150	6.3	0.2	822.3
s	Particulate	03/11/15	11:49	19:49	ND	20	-	0.05	0.15

* at reference conditions	Stack Gas Weight	0 °C	Without correction	ion for moisture	
	29.00 Kg/kmol	101.3 kPa	Oxygen	No Correction	%

Where applicable Oxides of nitrogen results are expressed as nitrogen dioxide

TOC results are expressed as total carbon

Throughout Report: \* Reference conditions (see above) Nm³ 273 K, 101.3 kPa

\*\* Analysis not required #- UKAS accredited only
ND Non detectable ##- Not Accredited
s - Subcontracted laboratory analysis N/A Not applicable

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a 95% confidence level. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.



All tests included in this report are accredited under UKAS and MCERTS accreditation schemes unless otherwise stated.

Opinions and interpretations expressed herein are outside the scope of MCERTS and UKAS accreditation.





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## **Summary Of Results, Exhaust Gases**

The table presents the atmospheric emissions from the tests undertaken on behalf of Linx Printing Technologies Limited The results were measured from the sample positions downstream of the arrestment plant.

Emi	ission at	Sampling			Emission	Authorised	Uncertainty	Detection	Mass
S	St Ives	Time		Result	Limit	+/-	Limit	Emission	
Ink Manuf	acturing Plant	Date	Start	End	mg/m³*	mg/m³*	mg/m³*	mg/m³*	g/h
тос	Test 1	03/11/15	12:45	13:15	355.4	150	7.2	0.2	944.7
тос	Test 2	03/11/15	13:15	13:45	359.4	150	7.3	0.2	955.2
тос	Test 3	03/11/15	13:45	14:15	275.8	150	5.6	0.2	733.2
TOC	Test 4	03/11/15	14:15	14:45	233.0	150	4.8	0.2	619.5
тос	Test 5	03/11/15	14:45	15:15	189.3	150	4.0	0.2	503.2
тос	Test 6	03/11/15	15:15	15:45	205.1	150	4.3	0.2	545.1
тос	Test 7	03/11/15	15:45	16:15	551.2	150	11.1	0.2	1465.1
TOC	Test 8	03/11/15	16:15	16:45	305.8	150	6.2	0.2	812.7

* at ref	Stack Gas Weight	0 °C	Without correction for moisture
Conditions	29.00 Kg/kmol	101.3 kPa	Oxygen No Correction %

Where applicable Oxides of nitrogen results are expressed as nitrogen dioxide

TOC results are expressed as total carbon

Throughout Report: Reference conditions (see above)

Nm³ 273 K, 101.3 kPa # - UKAS accredited only Analysis not required ND Non detectable ## - Not Accredited s - Subcontracted laboratory analysis N/A Not applicable

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a 95% confidence level. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.



All tests included in this report are accredited under UKAS and MCERTS accreditation schemes unless otherwise stated. Opinions and interpretations expressed herein are outside the scope of MCERTS and UKAS accreditation.





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## **Operating Information**

The table below shows details of the operating information on each sampling date for:

**Ink Manufacturing Plant** 

Date	Process type	Process duration	Fuel	Feedstock	Abatement	Load
03/11/2015	Ink Manufacturing Plant	Continuous	N/A	Methyl Ethyl Ketone Acetone Ethyl Lactate Diethyl Ketone	None	Normal Operation

There are no CEM's available on this process.

### **Comments & Monitoring Deviations**

A waste gas homogeneity test to BS EN 15259:2007 (MID) is not required: The homogeneity test is not applicable to non-combustion processes. The homogeneity test is not applicable to duct areas less than 1m².

All monitoring was performed in accordance with the relevant procedures.

The sampling location is a vertical duct.

Due to the positioning of the scaffolding erected, sampling can only be undertaken from one sample port.

The particulate monitoring was within the required 95 to 115 % isokinetic rate as stated in BS EN 13284-1: 2002

The velocity and temperature profile at the sampling location met the requirements of BS EN 13284-1: 2002.

The calculated particulate emission level was greater than the control blank.

When the results are expressed as non-detected the mass emissions are calculated from the detection limit and therefore they are worst case results.

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### **Part 2: Supporting Information**

## Report for the Periodic Monitoring of Emissions to Air.

Client Linx Printing Technologies Limited

Site St Ives

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Sampling Date 3rd November 2015
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Linx Printing Technologies Limited, St Ives, Permit No: B04/94, R/15-6356, v1

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## **APPENDIX 1**

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## **Emission Monitoring Procedures And Instrumentation**

#### Gas velocity and temperature

Documented in-house procedure TPM01/A to the main procedural requirements of BS EN ISO 16911-1:2013 Velocity and temperature measurements are performed using a calibrated Pitot tube, a calibrated pressure differential reading device and a calibrated thermocouple. Velocity and possible flow deviation measurements are carried out at selected, representative points in the gas stream.

#### Water vapour

Documented in-house procedure TPM/37 to the main procedural requirements of BS EN 14790:2005. A measured volume of gas is extracted from the gas stream through a moisture trapping unit. The mass gain of moisture trapped is divided by the volume of gas sampled to determine the mass concentration of water vapour. For water saturated stacks the temperature of the gas stream is measured and the water vapour concentration is determined using liquid-gas equilibrium tables. Sampling points are selected in accordance with the findings of any BS EN 15259 assessment.

#### **Total particulate matter**

Documented in-house procedure TPM/04 to the main procedural requirements of BS EN 13284-1:2002. Stack gases are extracted from representative sampling points at isokinetic flow rates through a sharp-edged nozzle. Particulate matter is collected on a pre-weighed filter conditioned at 180°C. Deposits upstream of the filter are also recovered and weighed. The increase of mass of the filter and mass collected upstream of the filter is divided by the volume sampled to determine the mass concentration.

#### **Total organic carbon**

Documented in-house procedure TPM/13 to the main procedural requirements of BS EN 12619:2013. Continuous analysis using probe, sample line and multi range Flame Ionisation Detector (FID) analyser. The analyser is calibrated before and during the tests using certified gas mixtures of nitrogen, oxygen and propane. Sampling points are selected in accordance with the findings of any BS EN 15259 assessment.

## **Sampling Project Personnel Competency And Expiry Dates**

Report prepared by:	Harpreet Badwal	MCERTS No MM03 149	Level 1 -	Level 2 30/09/2018	TE1 30/09/2018	TE2 30/04/2019	TE3 31/10/2019	TE4 31/10/2019
Report authorised by:	Derek Myers	MM02 115	-	30/09/2017	31/05/2018	30/11/2018	30/11/2018	30/11/2018
Team leader:	Harpreet Badwal	MM03 149	-	30/09/2018	30/09/2018	30/04/2019	31/10/2019	31/10/2019
Team leader:	Aidan Wrynne	MM08 921	_	31/05/2017	31/05/2017	31/11/2018	30/11/2017	30/06/2018

## **Equipment References**

Equipment	Reference Number
FID	AQ271
Heated Line	HL40
Heated Filter	Sintered
Probe	AQ187
Control Box	CU16
Timer / Stopwatch	CU16/7 & ST41
Barometer	WS03
Pitot	PT116 & PT97
Callipers	CV15
Hot Box	HB19
Impinger Thermocouple	TV24
Sample Rate Calculation Equipment	Laptop
Thermometer	CU16/3 & TK28
Manometer	CU16/1 & PI03
Balance	BL21
Weights	W17 & W18

## **Subcontracted Analysis**

REC Environmental Monitoring has, with your approval, used the following sub-contracted laboratories for the laboratory analyses referenced below:

Laboratory: Scientific Analysis Laboratories

Parameters: Particulates - Internal method, Gravimetric

Accreditation: UKAS Accredited testing laboratory number 1549

Linx Printing Technologies Limited, St Ives, Permit No: B04/94, R/15-6356, v1

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## **APPENDIX 2**

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Date	03/11/2015
Time	11:30
Pitot Cp	0.79

Barometric pressure	101.3	kPa
Duct static pressure	-0.01	kPa
Stack Area	0.196	m²

Stack Diameter (circular)	0.50	m

Traverse	Traverse	Depth	ΔΡ	Т	Angle	velocity	Traverse	Depth	ΔΡ	Т	Angle	velocity
Point	Line	cm	mmH <sub>2</sub> O	°C	0	m/s	Line	cm	mmH <sub>2</sub> O	°C	0	m/s
1	Α	5.0	3.7	20	<15	6.1	В	5.0	2.0	20	<15	4.6
2	Α	5.0	3.4	20	<15	5.8	В	5.0	1.5	20	<15	3.9
3	Α	5.9	3.1	20	<15	5.6	В	5.9	1.4	20	<15	3.8
4	Α	8.9	2.8	20	<15	5.3	В	8.9	1.2	20	<15	3.5
5	Α	12.5	2.7	20	<15	5.2	В	12.5	1.1	20	<15	3.4
6	Α	17.8	1.7	20	<15	4.2	В	17.8	1.3	20	<15	3.7
7	Α	32.2	0.8	20	<15	2.9	В	32.2	1.5	20	<15	3.9
8	Α	37.5	0.4	20	<15	2.0	В	37.5	1.7	20	<15	4.2
9	Α	41.2	0.8	20	<15	2.9	В	41.2	1.5	20	<15	3.9
10	Α	44.1	0.8	20	<15	2.9	В	44.1	1.9	20	<15	4.4
11	Α	45.0	0.4	20	<15	2.0	В	45.0	2.4	20	<15	5.0
12	Α	45.0	0.7	20	<15	2.7	В	45.0	2.3	20	<15	4.9

Average Ditet DD	1.60	mmH <sub>2</sub> O
Average Pitot DP	1.60	IIIIIII12O
Average Temperature	293.2	K
Average Velocity	4.0	m/s
Average volumetric flow rate	0.79	m <sup>3</sup> /s at stack conditions
Average volumetric flow rate	0.74	m <sup>3</sup> /s (wet STP)

#### Sampling plane requirements Re: BS EN 13284-1:2001 5.2

Angel of gas flow less than 15° with regard to duct axis			
No local negative flow		YES	
Minimum pitot greater than 5Pa		NO	
Ratio of highest to lowest local gas velocity less than 3:1		YES	
Minimum local gas velocity	2.0		
Maximum local gas velocity	6.1		
Ratio of highest to lowest local gas velocity	3.00		
	No local negative flow Minimum pitot greater than 5Pa Ratio of highest to lowest local gas velocity less than 3:1 Minimum local gas velocity Maximum local gas velocity	No local negative flow  Minimum pitot greater than 5Pa Ratio of highest to lowest local gas velocity less than 3:1  Minimum local gas velocity  Maximum local gas velocity  6.1	

#### Moisture Determination BS EN 14790:2005

	Volume	Temp	Pressure
	m <sup>3</sup>	°C	mbar
Meter start	3.095	13	1013
Meter end	13.668	25	1013
Meter Yd	1.052		
Gas volume	10.399		

Impinger	1	2	3	4
Mass start (g)	763.5	716.6	607.4	897.2
Mass End (g)	773.2	722.2	613.8	926.5
Total Mass collected (g)		51.0		

Water vapour content (% v/v)	0.6
------------------------------	-----

If water droplets are present in the gas, the water vapour content is calculated using BS EN 14790 Annex A

N/A % v/v

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Date	03/11/2015						i age
Duic	00/11/2010						
From	12:45	to	13:15	30 minute mean			
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm, wet	221.13	mg/m³*	355	5.39
From	13:15	to	13:45	30 minute mean	1		
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm, wet	223.60	mg/m³*	359	9.35
From	13:45	to	14:15	30 minute mean	1		
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm, wet	171.64	mg/m³*	275	5.84
From	14:15	to	14:45	30 minute mean	l		
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm, wet	145.00	mg/m³*	233	3.04
Sampling De	etection Limits						
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm	0.10	mg/m³*	0.	16
Reference G	as Details		_				
Species			Units	Value	Cylinder	Analyser	Uncertainity
					Reference	Range	k = 2
Nitrogen			%	99.999	VCK01959	-	± 2
Volatile orga	nic compounds		vppm	74.7	VC59841	10	± 2
Zero And Sp	an Gas Details						
Species			units	Initial Time	12:30	Final Time	17:00
				Initial Zero	Initial Span	Final Zero	Final Span
	nic compounds			0.00	74.70	0.31	75.02

## **Exhaust Gases Continuous Analysis Data**

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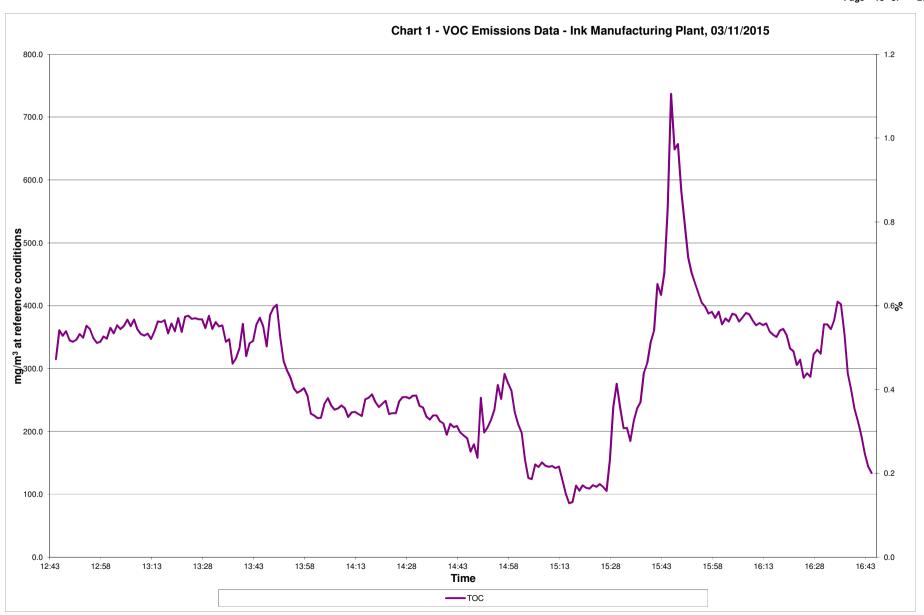
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Date	03/11/2015

From	14:45	to	15:15	30 minute mean	l		
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm, wet	117.79	mg/m³*	189	9.30
From	15:15	to	15:45	30 minute mean	ı		
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm, wet	127.61	mg/m³*	205	5.08
From	15:45	to	16:15	30 minute mean	I		
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm, wet	342.95	mg/m³*	551	1.17
							_
From	16:15	to	16:45	30 minute mean	1		
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm, wet	190.25	mg/m³*	305	5.76
Sampling Detec	ction Limits		_				
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm	0.10	mg/m³*	0.	16
Reference Gas	Details		_				
Species			Units	Value	Cylinder Reference	Analyser	Uncertainity
					Reference	Range	k = 2
Nitrogen			%	99.999	VCK01959	-	± 2
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm	74.7	VC59841	10	± 2
Zero And Span	Gas Details						
Species			units	Initial Time	12:30	Final Time	17:00
				Initial Zero	Initial Span	Final Zero	Final Span
Volatile organic	compounds		vppm	0.00	74.70	0.31	75.02

**Exhaust Gases - Continuous Analysis Data, Continued** 

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Probe/Pitot ID No
Pitot Calibration Factor (Cp)
Gas Calibration Factor (Y)
Barometric Pressure
Duct static Pressure
Date
Start Time
End Time
Sampling Duration

	AQ187/PT116
	0.84
	1.052
кРа	101.3
кРа	-0.01
	03/11/2015
min	11:49
min	19:49
min	08:00

Nozzle Diameter (d) In-stack Filtration Leak check: OK Meter ID No Initial Gas Meter Reading Final Gas Meter Reading Sampled Vol, Dry at Meter Sampled Vol, Dry STP Moisture content of stack gas Isokinetic

mm	9.99
Y/N	N
Y/N	Υ
	CU16/2
m <sup>3</sup>	3.095
m <sup>3</sup>	13.668
m <sup>3</sup>	10.573
Nm <sup>3</sup>	10.298
% v/v	0.6
%	102.2

Impinger	1	2	3	4
Initial mass (g)	763.5	716.6	607.4	897.2
Final mass (g)	773.2	722.2	613.8	926.5

				Temperatures			
Sample	Line	Sampling Time	Pitot Reading	Sample Gas	Filter Temperature	Meter	Orifice
Point Number		Hime	(h)	Temperature (Ts)	remperature	Temperature (Tm)	Pressure (Dh)
		hh:min	mm w.g	°C	°C	℃	mm w.g
1	Α	00:00	2.6	20	160	13	65.3
		00:05	2.6	20	160	14	65.3
		00:10 00:15	2.6	20 20	160 160	15 16	65.3 65.3
		00:13	2.6	20	160	17	65.3
		00:25	2.6	20	160	18	65.3
		00:30	2.6	20	160	19	65.3
		00:35 00:40	2.6	20 20	160 160	20 20	65.3 65.3
		00:40	2.6	20	160	21	65.3
		00:50	2.6	20	160	22	65.3
		00:55	2.6	20	160	22	65.3
		01:00 01:05	2.6	20 20	160	23 23	65.3
		01:05	2.6	20	160 160	23	65.3 65.3
		01:15	2.6	20	160	23	65.3
		01:20	2.6	20	160	24	65.3
		01:25 01:30	2.6	20 20	160	24 24	65.3
		01:35	2.6	20	160 160	24	65.3 65.3
		01:40	2.6	20	160	24	65.3
		01:45	2.6	20	160	24	65.3
		01:50	2.6	20	160	24	65.3
		01:55 02:00	2.6	20 20	160 160	25 25	65.3 65.3
		02:00	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:10	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:15	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:20 02:25	2.6	20 20	160 160	25 25	65.3 65.3
		02:25	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:35	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:40	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		02:45 02:50	2.6	21	160 160	25 25	65.3 65.3
		02:50	2.6	21	160	25 25	65.3
		03:00	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:05	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:10 03:15	2.6	20 20	160 160	25 25	65.3 65.3
		03:10	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:25	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:30	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:35	2.6	20	160	25 25	65.3
		03:40 03:45	2.6	20 20	160 160	25	65.3 65.3
		03:50	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
		03:55	2.6	20	160	25	65.3
2	A	04:00	1.4	20	160	25	35.2
		04:05 04:10	1.4	20 20	160 160	25 24	35.2 35.2
		04:15	1.4	20	160	24	35.2
		04:20	1.4	20	160	24	35.2
		04:25	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		04:30 04:35	1.4	21	160 160	24 24	35.2 35.2
		04:40	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		04:45	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		04:50	1.6	21	160	24	40.2
		04:55 05:00	1.6	21	160 160	24 24	40.2 40.2
		05:05	1.6	21	160	24	40.2
		05:10	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		05:15	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		05:20 05:25	1.4	20	160 160	24 24	35.2 35.2
		05:30	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		05:35	1.4	21	160	24	35.2
		05:40	1.6	21	160	24	40.2
		05:45	1.6	21	160	24	40.2
		05:55	1.6	20	160	24	40.2
		06:00	1.6	19	160	24	40.2
		06:05 06:10	1.6	19	160	24 24	40.2
		06:10 06:15	1.6	19 19	160 160	24	40.2 40.2
		06:20	1.4	19	160	24	35.2
		06:25	1.4	19	160	24	35.2
		06:30	1.4	19	160	24 24	35.2
		06:35 06:40	1.4	22	160 160	24	35.2 35.2
		06:45	1.2	19	160	23	30.1
		06:50	1.2	19	160	23	30.1
		06:55	1.2	18	160	23	30.1
		07:00 07:05	1.2	21	160 160	23 23	30.1 30.1
		07:05	1.4	18	160	23	35.2
		07:15	1.4	18	160	23	35.2
		07:20	1.4	18	160	23	35.2
		07:25 07:30	1.4	18 18	160 160	23 23	35.2 35.2
		07:30	1.4	18	160	23	35.2
		07:40	1.4	18	160	23	35.2
		07:45	1.6	18	160	23	40.2
		07:50	1.6	18	160	23	40.2
	End	07:55 08:00	1.6	18	160	23	40.2
		22.00					
		Averages	2.0	19.9	160.0	23.3	50.7

Average velocity	4.82	m/s
Average flow rate	0.95	m³/s
Average flow rate	0.88	m³/s*

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Blank Filter Weight		Weight Collected		
Filter No.	EM - 2112/2		0.0001	g
Washings	EM - 2112/1		0.0003	g
Total			0.0004	g

Filter Weight	Filter Weight Test 1		Weight Collected	
Filter No.	EM - 2112/4		0.0001	g
Washings	EM - 2112/3		0.0004	g
Total			0.0005	g

Particulate Emission Results	Blank	
Detection Limit	0.05	mg/m <sup>3</sup> *
Particulate Emission	0.04	mg/m <sup>3</sup> *

Particulate Emission Results	Test 1	
Detection Limit	0.05	mg/m <sup>3</sup> *
Particulate Emission	0.05	mg/m <sup>3</sup> *

Laboratory	SAL		
Method N° & Accreditation Status	Gravimetric UKAS		
Date of analysis	13/11/2015		

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## **APPENDIX 3**

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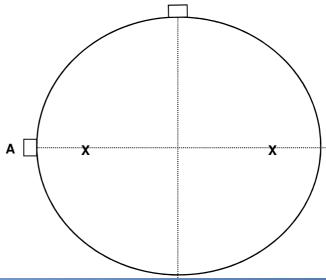
# **Diagram Of The Sampling Location**

Diagram of sampling points across the cross section of the duct (not to scale).

Traverse length =

0.50 m

Point	% of D	Location
		cm
1	14.6	7.3
2	85.4	42.7





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#### **General Calculations**

#### Stack area:

Area of a circle = 
$$\frac{\pi . D^2}{4}$$

D = Diameter (m)  $\pi = 3.142$ 

#### Pressure conversion:

1mmH2O = 0.00980665 kPa 1mmH2O = 9.80665 Pa 1 mar = 0.1 kPa

#### Water vapour concentration:

From reference calculations (taken from BS EN 14790):

$$V_{WC(\%)} = \frac{\frac{M_{WC}.V_{mol(std)}}{M_W}}{\frac{M_{WC}.V_{mol(std)}}{M_W} + V_{m(std)}} \times 100$$

VWC (%) = Water vapour content on wet basis, in volume % (m³ of water vapour in m³ of wet gas)

Vm(std) = Dry gas volume measured, corrected to standard conditions (m<sup>3</sup>)

mWC = Mass of water collected in the impingers (g)

Mw = Molecular weight of water, 18.01534 rounded to 18 (g/mol)

Vmol(std) = Molar volume of water at standard conditions = 0.0224 (m3/mol)

#### Gas meter volume at standard conditions (STP)

From reference calculations (taken from BS EN 14790):

$$V_{m(std)} = y_d \times (V_2 - V_1) \times \frac{T_{std}}{T_m} \times \frac{p_m}{p_{std}}$$

Vm(std) = Dry gas meter volume at standard conditions (m<sup>3</sup>)

yd = Gas meter calibration coefficient

(V2-V1) = Dry gas meter volume at actual conditions (m<sup>3</sup>)

Tm = Actual Temperature (K)
Tstd = Standard temperature (273 K)

pm = Absolute pressure at the gas meter (kPa) pstd = Standard gas pressure (101.3 kPa)

#### Isokenetic Ratio (%):

From reference calculations (taken from EA TGN M2):

$$IsokineticRatio(\%) = \frac{Velocity\ at\ the\ sampling\ nozzle}{Velocity\ of\ the\ stack\ gas} \times 100$$

#### **Estimating Measurment Uncertainty**

Uncertainty estimates are calculated using the general rule of uncertainty propagation. Guidance is taken from publications including UKAS document M3003 and ISO 20988:2007.

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## Flow Calculations

#### Velocity:

From reference calculations (taken from ISO 10780):

$$\overline{v} = KC \sqrt{\frac{T_s \, \Delta \overline{p}}{p_e \, M_s}}$$

 $\overline{v}$  = Average velocity (m/s)

 $\dot{C}$  = velocity calculation constant = 129

Ts = Average stack temperature (K)

Ms = Molar mass of gas; assume 29 kg/kmol unless the molar mass is < 27 kg/kmol or > 31 g/kmol

K = Pitot calibration coefficient Pe = Absolute gas pressure (kPa)

 $\Delta p = \Delta p$  Average pitot tube pressure differencial (kPa)

### Volume flow rate

From reference calculations (taken from ISO 10780):

$$q_{va} = vA$$

qva = Average flow rate (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

v = Average velocity (m/s)

A =Stack cross-sectional area (m<sup>2</sup>)

#### Volume flow rate corrected for moisture

From reference calculations (taken from BS ISO 9096):

$$q_m = q_{va} \frac{(100 - H_a)}{(100 - H_m)}$$

qm =Corrected volume flowrate (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

qva = Volume flow rate at actual conditions (m³/s)
 Ha = Moisture at actual conditions (%volume)

*Hm* = Reference moisture (%volume)

#### Volume flow rate corrected for temperature and pressure

From reference calculations (taken from BS ISO 9096):

$$q_m = q_{va} \frac{\left(T_m p_a\right)}{\left(T_a p_m\right)}$$

qm =Corrected volume flowrate (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

qva = Volume flow rate at actual conditions (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

Ta = Temperature at actual conditions (K)

Tm = Reference Temperatue (K)

pa = Absolute gas pressure at actual conditions (kPa)

pm =Reference pressure (kPa)

#### Volume flow rate corrected for oxygen

From reference calculations (taken from BS ISO 9096):

$$q_m = q_{va} \frac{\left(20.9 - O_{2,ref}\right)}{\left(20.9 - O_{2,m}\right)}$$

qm =Corrected volume flowrate (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

qva = Volume flow rate at actual conditions (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

*O2,m* = Actual oxygen concentration (%)

O2,ref = Reference oxygen concentration (%)

## **Concentration Calculations**

#### Concentration:

From reference calculations (taken from BS EN 13284-1):

$$c = \frac{m}{V}$$

c = Concentration m = Mass of substane V = Volume sampled

### **Mass Emission**

*Mass emission*=  $c \times q_m$ 

c = Concentrationq = Volume flow rate

#### Concentration corrected for oxygen:

From reference calculations (taken from BS ISO 9096):

$$c_m = c_a \times \frac{20.9 - O_{2,ref}}{20.9 - O_{2,a}}$$

*cm* = Concentration at reference conditions

ca = Actual concentration
O2, ref = Reference oxygen (%)
O2, a= Actual Oxygen (%)

#### Concentration corrected for moisture:

From reference calculations (taken from BS ISO 9096):

Convert wet gas to dry gas

$$c_{dry} = c_{wet} \times \frac{100}{100 - H_a}$$

Convert dry gas to wet gas

$$c_{wet} = c_{dry} \times \frac{100 - H_a}{100}$$

cwet = Concentration wet gascdry = Concentration dry gasHa = Water vapour content (%vol)

### Conversion of parts per million (ppm) to mg/m<sup>3</sup>

From reference calculations (taken from EA TGN M2):

$$Concentration(mg / m^3) = \frac{Concentration(ppm) \times molecular\ weight(g)}{molar\ volume(l)\ at\ a\ given\ temperature}$$

molar volume at 273K = 22.4 litres

#### **When Converting TOC**

$$Concentration(mg/m^3) = \frac{Concentration(ppm) \times molecular\ weight of\ carbonin\ span\ gas(g)}{molar\ volume(l)\ at\ a\ given\ temperature}$$

## **Calculation of Uncertainty Estimates - Manual Monitoring Techniques**

$$C_{m} = \frac{Q_{m}}{V_{std}}$$

$$V_{std} = V_{T.p} \times \frac{T_{std}}{T} \times \frac{p}{P_{rtd}}$$

Where:

$C_m$	=	the measured concentration	in	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
$Q_m$	=	mass concentration collected in absorber solution and filter	in	mg
$v_s$	=	the volume of the sample solution	in	1
$V_{std}$	=	volume sampled at standard conditions	in	$m^3$
$T_m$	=	mean temperature of gas meter	in	K
$T_{std}$	=	standard temperature	=	273K
p=prel+Patm	=	absolute pressure = gas meter pressure + atmospheric pressure	in	kPa
$P_{std}$	=	standard pressure	=	101.325 kPa
$V_{\tau_n}$	=	volume sampled as indicated by the gas meter	in	$m^3$

Expression for calculation of the combined uncertainty of the measured concentration

$$\frac{u^{2}(C_{m})}{(C_{m})^{2}} = \frac{u^{2}(Q_{m})}{(Q_{m})^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(v_{s})}{(v_{s})^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(V_{std})}{(V_{std})^{2}}$$

Expression for calculation of the combined uncertainty of the gas volume

$$V_{std} = V_{T.p} \times \frac{T_{std}}{T_m} \times \frac{p}{P_{std}}$$

Assuming that uncertainties associated with the standard quantities  $T_{std}$  and  $P_{std}$  are negliable Expression for calculation of the combined uncertainty of the measured concentration

$$\frac{u^2(C_m)}{(C_m)^2} = \frac{u^2(Q_m)}{(Q_m)^2} + \frac{u^2(V_s)}{(V_s)^2} + \frac{u^2(V_{T,p})}{(V_{T,p})^2} + \frac{u^2(T)}{(T)^2} + \frac{u^2(p_{rel})}{(p)^2} + \frac{u^2(p_{atm})}{(p)^2}$$

$$u(C_m) = \sqrt{\frac{u^2(Q_m)}{(Q_m)^2} + \frac{u^2(v_s)}{(v_s)^2} + \frac{u^2(V_{T,p})}{(V_{T,p})^2} + \frac{u^2(T)}{(T)^2} + \frac{u^2(p_{rel})}{(p)^2} + \frac{u^2(p_{atm})}{(p)^2}} \times (C_m)^2}$$

Overall expanded uncertainty (k = 2)

$$U(C_m) = u(C_m) \times k$$

Uncertainty of the measured concentration at oxygen reference concentration

$$u\left(C_{m,O_{2,ref}}\right) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{u^{2}(Q_{m})}{(Q_{m})^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(v_{s})}{(v_{s})^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(V_{T,p})}{(V_{T,p})^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(T)}{(T)^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(p_{rel})}{(p)^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(p_{atm})}{(p)^{2}} + \frac{u^{2}(O_{2,meas,dry})}{(21 - O_{2,meas,dry})^{2}}\right)} \times \left(C_{m,O_{2},ref}\right)^{2}}$$

Where:

 $u(Cm,O_{2,ref})$  = uncertainty associated with the mass concentration at  $O_2$  reference in mg/m<sup>3</sup>  $Cm,O_{2,ref}$  = mass concentration at  $O_2$  reference concentration in mg/m<sup>3</sup>  $O_{2,meas}$  =  $O_2$  measured concentration in % volume

 $u((O_{2,meas)dry})$  = uncertainty associated to the measured  $O_2$  concentration in % (relative to  $O_{2\,meas}$ )

#### Calculation of Uncertainty Estimates - Instrumental Monitoring Techniques

#### Model equation

 $C_{ppm} = C_{reading} + Corr_{fit} + Corr_{f,dr} + Corr_{s,dr} + Corr_{rep} + Corr_{adj} + \sum_{i=1}^{p} Corr_{inf} + Corr_{inf}$ 

Corr<sub>rep</sub> Corr<sub>adj</sub> Corr<sub>inf</sub> correction of repeatability of measurement  $C_{,ppm}$ concentration in ppm concentration given by analyser C<sub>NO.readino</sub> correction of adjustment

Corr fit correction of lack of fit correction of influence quantities correction of zero drift Corr <sub>0,dr</sub>

Corr s,dr correction of span drift

#### Calculation of partial uncertainties

u(Corr<sub>fit</sub>)  $\left(\frac{X_{fit,\max}}{100 \times range}\right)$  Where:  $X_{\text{fit,max}}$ 

is the maximum allowable deviation from linearity

Expressed as % of the range and calculated by applying a rectangular probability distribution

max (S<sub>0,rep</sub>; S<sub>srep</sub>) u(Corr<sub>rep</sub>) Where:

is the standard uncertainty at zero level is the standard uncertainty at span level

$$u(Corr_{cal}) = \frac{U_{cal}}{2}$$
 is the expanded uncertainty of the calibration gas

$$u(Corr_{int}) = c_{j} \sqrt{\frac{(x_{j,\max} - x_{j,adj})^{2} + (x_{j,\min} - x_{j,adj}) \times (x_{j,\max} - x_{j,adj}) + (x_{j,\min} - x_{j,adj})^{2}}{3}}$$

is the sensitivity coefficient of the influence quantity is the minimum value of the influence quantity during monitoring

is the maximum value of the influence quantity during monitoring is the value of the influence quantity during adjustment

$$u(Corr_{int}) = \frac{c_j}{Int_{j,test}} \sqrt{\frac{Int_{j,max}^2 + Int_{j,min} \times Int_{j,max} + Int_{j,min}^2}{3}}$$

 $c_{j}$  $Int_{j,test}$ is the sensitivity coefficient of the interferent i  $= \max \left[ S_{Int,p}; S_{Int,n} \right]$ is the concentration of the interferent j used to determine c is the minimum value of the interferent j quantity during monitoring is the maximum value of the interferent i quantity during monitoring

 $\mathsf{Int}_{\mathsf{j},\mathsf{adj}}$ is the concentration of the interferent j in the cal gas used to adjust the analyser

 $S_{int,p}$ is the sum of interferents with positive impact is the sum of interferents with negative impact

#### Combined uncertainty

 $u(\Sigma Corr_{int})$ 

$$u(C,_{ppm}) =$$

$$\sqrt{u^2(corr_{\mathit{fit}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{o,dr}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{s,dr}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{rep}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{rep}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{s,vf}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{a,press}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{temp}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{volt}}) + u^2(corr_{\mathit{adj}}) + S_{\mathit{ht}}^{-2}}$$

#### Overall expanded uncertainty (k = 2)

$$U(C_m) = u(C_m) \times k$$

#### Uncertainty of NOx measurements

$$u(C_{NOx,conv}) = \frac{C_{NOx} \times R \times \eta}{\sqrt{3}}$$

C<sub>NOx</sub> R is the concentration of NOx measured by the analyser is the ratio of NO:Nox in the stack gas

is the NOx converter efficiency

Combined uncertainty NOx measurements

$$u(C_{NOx}, _{stack}) =$$

$$\sqrt{u^{2}(corr_{fit}) + u^{2}(corr_{o,dr}) + u^{2}(corr_{s,dr}) + u^{2}(corr_{s,dr}) + u^{2}(corr_{rep}) + u^{2}(corr_{s,yf}) + u^{2}(corr_{a,press}) + u^{2}(corr_{temp}) + u^{2}(corr_{volt}) + u^{2}(corr_{odj}) + S_{lnt}^{2} + u^{2}(corr_{NOx,comv}) + u^{2}(corr_{temp}) + u^{2}(co$$

#### Uncertainty of mass concentration at oxygen reference concentration

$$\sqrt{u^2(corr_{fit}) + u^2(corr_{o,dr}) + u^2(corr_{s,dr}) + u^2(corr_{rep}) + u^2(corr_{s,vf}) + u^2(corr_{s,vf}) + u^2(corr_{s,ves}) + u^2(corr_{temp}) + u^2(corr_{temp}) + u^2(corr_{odt}) +$$

u(C,O<sub>2,ref)</sub> uncertainty associated with the mass concentration at O<sub>2</sub> ref. concentration mg/m<sup>3</sup> C,O<sub>2,ref</sub> mg/m<sup>3</sup> mass concentration at O<sub>2</sub> reference concentration O2 measured concentration % volume % (relative to O<sub>2 meas</sub>)

uncertainty associated to the measured O2 concentration

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## **APPENDIX 4**

## **Uncertainty Estimate For The Measurement Of Total Organic Carbon**

Analyser Type/Model Reference Oxygen %		Maihak 0	( 0 = No corre	ction)					
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8
Limit value	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Limit value Measured concentration	ppm ppm	93.3 221.1	93.3 223.6	93.3 171.6	93.3 145.0	93.3 117.8	93.3 127.6	93.3 343.0	93.3 190.2
Measured concentration	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	355.4	359.4	275.8	233.0	189.3	205.1	551.2	305.8
mododrod concontration	i iiig/iii	000.1	000.1	270.0	200.0	100.0	200.1	001.2	000.0
Calibration gas	ppm	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7
Calibration gas	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1	120.1
Analyser range	ppm , 3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3 15.0	9.3	9.3 15.0	9.3
Analyser range	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Correction of Lack of Fit									
Lack of fit	% range	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	u(Corr, <sub>fit</sub> )	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Corrections of Zoro and Span Drift	/* All drift in a	alaulated for	the recidual is	annumed to be	. F0//may)	`			
Corrections of Zero and Span Drift Zero Drift	% range	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25/5 5/11(	u(Corr, <sub>Odr</sub> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span Drift	% range	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	u(Corr, <sub>sdr</sub> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Correction of Depostobility of Massurement									
Correction of Repeatability of Measurement Repeatability SD at span level	% range	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
(Not reported)	u(Corr, <sub>rep</sub> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D 0.000	/icp/								
Correction of adjustment									-
losses in the line	% range	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Uncertainty of collegation and	u(Corr, <sub>loss</sub> )	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.03 2.0	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.04
Uncertainty of calibration gas	% range u(Corr,cal)	2.0 2.21	2.0 2.24	2.0 1.72	1.45	2.0 1.18	2.0 1.28	2.0 3.43	2.0 1.90
L	u(OOH,cal)	2.21	2.24	1.72	1.45	1.10	1.20	3.43	1.50
Correction of Influence of Interferents									
N <sub>2</sub> O	% range								
00	u(Corr, <sub>N2O</sub> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CO <sub>2</sub>	% range	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CH₄	u(Corr, <sub>CO2</sub> ) % range	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
- 4	u(Corr, <sub>CH4</sub> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total of interferent influences	% range	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
$u(\Sigma Corrint) = \max[S_{lnt,p}; S_{lnt,n}]$	$u(\Sigma Corr_{int})$	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
Correction of Influence Quantities									
Sensitivity to sample volume flow	% range	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
conditing to cample relation non	u(Corr, <sub>flow</sub> )	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sensitivity to atmospheric pressure	% range								
(Not reported)	u(Corr, press)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sensitivity to ambient temperature	% range	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40	-2.40
Sensitivity to electrical voltage	u(Corr, <sub>temp</sub> ) % range	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50	-0.28 0.50
(Not reported)	u(Corr, <sub>volt</sub> )	0.10	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.30	0.10
(**************************************	(,voi)								
Maximum standard uncertainty	u(Corr, <sub>max</sub> )	2.21	2.24	1.72	1.45	1.18	1.28	3.43	1.90
5% of maximum standard uncertainty	u(Corr,5%)	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.17	0.10
Interferent Concentration Variations	Minimum	Maximum	Value at cal	Performance	Units				
CH <sub>4</sub> range	0	10	0	50	mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
N₂O range	0	0	0	20	mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
CO <sub>2</sub> range	8	12 Maximum	0	15	mg/m³				
Oxygen effect variations	Minimum	Maximani	Value at cal	Performance	Units				
Oxygen effect	0	20	1 0	2	mg/m³				
Influence Quantitiy Variations									
·	Minimum	Maximum	Value at cal	Performance	Units				
Sensitivity to sample volume flow	55	65	60	5	l/h				
Sensitivity to atmospheric pressure	99	100	99	1	kPa				
Sensitivity to ambient temperature Sensitivity to electrical voltage	278 187	313 250	288 230	10 5	K V				
Something to discussed voltage	107	250	200	J	٧				
Measurement uncertainty		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8
Combined uncertainty	ppm	2.23	2.26	1.75	1.50	1.23	1.33	3.44	1.94
Combined uncertainty	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3.59	3.63	2.82	2.40	1.98	2.13	5.53	3.11
Combined uncertainty at oxygen reference	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3.59	3.63	2.82	2.40	1.98	2.13	5.53	3.11
Expanded uncertainty expressed with a level of confid	ence of 95%	<b>(=2</b>							
Overall uncertainty	ppm	4.5	4.5	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.7	6.9	3.9
Overall uncertainty	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7.2	7.3	5.6	4.8	4.0	4.3	11.1	6.2
Overall uncertainty relative to measured value	%	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0
Overall uncertainty relative to range	%	47.9	48.4	37.6	32.0	26.4	28.4	73.7	41.5
Overall uncertainty relative to ELV	%	6.0	6.0	4.7	4.0	3.3	3.6	9.2	5.2

The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

### **Uncertainty Estimate For The Measurement Of Total Particulate Matter**

#### **Total Particulate Matter**

Symbol	Mass concentration of TPM	Units					
Cm	0.05	mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Filter		0.10	mg
Cm at O2 ref	N/A	mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Washings		0.40	mg
	1	,g		Ū			Ü
Symbol	Reference Oxygen	Units		Symbol	Daily em	ission limit value	Units
O2,ref (0=No Correction)	0	%		DELV		20.0	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Mass of Particulate						
Symbol	Source of Uncertainty	Value	Units	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Ui
u(calBal)	Calibration	0.1180	mg	Normal	2	1	0.0590
u (repBal)	Repeatability Filter	0.0110	mg	Normal	1	2	0.0220
u (repBal)	Repeatability Washings	0.0300	mg	Normal	1	2	0.0600
u (driftBal)	Drift	0.0312	mg	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0180
u (resBal)	Resolution	0.0050	mg	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0029
u (aceBal)	Residual acetone	0.0400	mg	Normal	2	1	0.0200
u(buoBal)	Air buoyancy	0.0015	mg	Normal	1	1	0.0015
u (mass)	Combined Uncertainty	- 0.500		Normal	-	-	0.0911
u (mass)/mass	Relatve	0.500	mg	-	-	u(mass) <sup>2</sup> /mass <sup>2</sup>	1.8763 3.520556
						u(mass)/mass	3.320330
U(Wm)	Expanded Combined Weighing	Uncertainty A	As Percent	age of DELV k=2	±	0.91	%
Oh al	Volume of sampled gas	Mal :	1.1-20	Desk ability Discours	District		11:
Symbol u(calV <sub>T n</sub> )	Source of Uncertainty Calibration	Value 0.0505	Units m <sup>3</sup>	Probability Distribution Normal	Divisor 2	ci 1	<i>Ui</i> 0.0252
$u(\text{calv}_{\text{T.p}})$ $u(\text{repV}_{\text{T.p}})$	Repeatability	0.0051	m³ m³	Normal	1	1	0.0252
$u(driftV_{T,p})$	Drift	0.0031	m <sup>3</sup>	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0051
u(resV <sub>T.p</sub> )	Resolution	0.0002	m <sup>3</sup>	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0001
$u(V_{T,p})$	Combined Uncertainty	-	-	Normal	- V 3	-	0.0303
$u(V_{T,p})/V_{T,p}$	Relatve	10.298	m <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	0.0029
		•		!		u (Vm) <sup>2</sup> /Vm <sup>2</sup>	0.000009
	Temperature of the DGM						
Symbol	Source of Uncertainty	Value	Units	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Ui
u(calTi <sub>m</sub> )	Calibration	1.0	K	Normal	2	1	0.5000
u(calTc <sub>m</sub> )	Calibration	1.0	K	Normal	2	1	0.5000
u(resT <sub>m</sub> ) u(driftT <sub>m</sub> )	Resolution Drift	0.1 1.0	K	Rectangular	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$	1	0.0577 0.5774
u(T <sub>m</sub> )	Combined Uncertainty	1.0	- K	Rectangular Normal	√3 -	-	0.5774
u(T <sub>m</sub> )/Tm	Relatve	296.3	K	Normal	-	_	0.0031
G ( 1 m)/ 1	Holatvo	200.0		Homa		u(Tm) <sup>2</sup> /Tm <sup>2</sup>	0.000010
	Atmospheric Pressure						
Symbol	Source of Uncertainty	Value	Units	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Ui
u (P <sub>atm</sub> )	Metrological Office	300	Pa	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	173
u (P <sub>atm</sub> )	Combined Uncertainty	-	-	Normal	-	-	173
u (P <sub>atm</sub> )/P	Relatve	101300	-	Normal	-	- (D )2(D2	0.0017
	Relative DGM Pressure					$u(P_{atm})^2/P^2$	0.000003
Symbol	Source of Uncertainty	Value	Units	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Ui
u(P <sub>rel</sub> )	DGM Pressure	40	Pa	Normal	1	1	40
u(P <sub>rel</sub> )	Combined Uncertainty	-	-	Normal	-	-	40
u(P <sub>rel</sub> )/P	Measured pressure	101798	-	-	-	-	0.0004
						u (Prel) <sup>2</sup> /P <sup>2</sup>	0.0000002
la	Oxygen reference concentration			I B. 1 100 B. 1 10 2	5	1	
Symbol(O moss\dry\rol	Source of Uncertainty	Value	Units	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci	<i>Ui</i>
u((O <sub>2</sub> ,meas)dry)rel	Measurement of oxygen	0.20	%	Normal	1	1	0.2000
	Uncertainty of oxygen correction  Measured Oxygen	- N/A	%	-	-	u (Orel) <sup>2</sup> /O <sup>2</sup>	N/A N/A
	мсазива Охуден	IN/A	/0	J		u(OIEI) /O	IN/A
Measurement uncertainty							
u(Cm)	Combined Standard Uncertainty				±	0.13	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
u(Cm) at ref O <sub>2</sub>	Combined Standard Uncertainty				±	N/A	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Evenended uses attained to	record with a level offil CSSY	k O					
U(Cm)	essed with a level of confidence of 95%, Expanded Combined Uncertainty	k=2 $k=2$			,L	0.26	m a / 3
U(Cm) U(Cm,rel)	Expanded Combined Uncertainty  Expanded Combined Uncertainty	K = 2 K = 2			±	530.7	mg/m³ %
U(Cm,rel,ELV)	Expanded Combined Uncertainty	k = 2			±	1.3	%

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor (k = 2), providing a level of confidence of approximately 95% The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.